1 Josh Voorhees, State Bar No. 241436 Christopher Tuttle, State Bar No. 264545 2 THE CHANLER GROUP 2560 Ninth Street 3 Parker Plaza, Suite 214 Berkeley, CA 94710-2565 4 Telephone: (510) 848-8880 Facsimile: (510) 848-8118 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff 6 LAURENCE VINOCUR 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 COUNTY OF ALAMEDA UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION 10 11 RG14741858 12 LAURENCE VINOCUR, COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES 13 Plaintiff, AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF 14  $\mathbf{v}$ . (Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.) AMTECH MANAGEMENT LTD.; ARTS 15 AND CRAFTS INDUSTRIES LTD.; and 16 DOES 1-150, inclusive, 17 Defendants: 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

#### NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff LAURENCE VINOCUR in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the People's right to be informed about exposures to tris(1,3-dichloro-2-propyl) phosphate ("TDCPP") and tris(2-chloroethyl) phosphate ("TCEP"), toxic CHEMICALS that are found in the foam padding of upholstered chairs that are sold in California. TDCPP and TCEP are toxic chemicals that are used to treat polyurethane foam, which is used as padding or cushioning in a variety of products.
- 2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy defendants' continuing failure to warn California citizens about the risks of exposures to TDCPP and TCEP, present in and on the foam padding of upholstered chairs manufactured, distributed, and offered for sale or use to consumers throughout the State of California.
- 3. Detectable levels of TDCPP and TCEP are commonly found in and on the foam padding of upholstered chairs that defendants import, manufacture, distribute, ship, sell and/or offer for sale to consumers throughout the State of California.
- 4. Under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual . . . ." Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.
- 5. Pursuant to Proposition 65, on October 28, 2011, California identified and listed TDCPP as a chemical known to cause cancer. TDCPP became subject to the "clear and reasonable warning" requirements of the Act one year later on October 28, 2012. (Cal. Code Regs., Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b).) Pursuant to Proposition 65, on April 1, 1992, California identified and listed TCEP as a chemical known to cause cancer. TCEP became subject to the "clear and reasonable warning" requirements of

Proposition 65 one year later on April 1, 1993. Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 and 25249.10(b).

- 6. Defendants manufacture, distribute, import, sell, and offer for sale without warning in California, upholstered chairs with foam padding containing TDCPP and TCEP, including, but not limited to, the *Chair*, identified on plaintiff's 60-day notice. All such upholstered chairs with foam padding containing TDCPP and TCEP are referred to collectively hereinafter as the "PRODUCTS." TDCPP and TCEP are referred to collectively hereinafter as the "LISTED CHEMICALS."
- 7. Defendants' failure to warn workers, consumers, and other individuals in California of the harms associated with exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS in conjunction with defendants' sales of the PRODUCTS containing the LISTED CHEMICALS constitute violations of Proposition 65, and subject defendants to enjoinment of such conduct, as well as civil penalties for each violation. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a) & (b)(1).
- 8. For defendants' violations of Proposition 65, plaintiff seeks preliminary and permanent injunctive relief to compel defendants to provide purchasers or users of the PRODUCTS with the required warning regarding the health hazards associated with exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).
- 9. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against defendants, and each of them, for each violation of Proposition 65.

#### **PARTIES**

- 10. Plaintiff LAURENCE VINOCUR is a citizen of the State of California who is dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of harmful exposures to toxic chemicals from consumer products. He brings this action in the public interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(d).
- 11. Defendant AMTECH MANAGEMENT LTD. ("AMTECH") is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6 and 25249.11.

- 12. AMTECH manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California, or it implies by its conduct that it manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California.
- 13. Defendant ARTS AND CRAFTS INDUSTRIES LTD. ("A & C") is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6 and 25249.11.
- 14. A & C manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California, or it implies by its conduct that it manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California.
- 15. Defendants DOES 1-50 ("MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS") are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6 and 25249.11.
- 16. MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS research, test, design, assemble, fabricate, and manufacture, or imply by their conduct that they research, test, design, assemble, fabricate, and manufacture one or more of the PRODUCTS offered for sale or use in the State of California.
- 17. Defendants DOES 51-100 ("DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS") are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6 and 25249.11.
- 18. DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS distribute, exchange, transfer, process, and transport one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses, or retailers for sale or use in the State of California.
- 19. Defendants DOES 101-150 ("RETAILER DEFENDANTS") are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6 and 25249.11.
- 20. RETAILER DEFENDANTS offer the PRODUCTS for sale to individuals in the State of California.

- 21. At this time, the true names of defendants DOES 1 through 150, inclusive, are unknown to plaintiff, who, therefore, sues said defendants by their fictitious names pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible for the acts and occurrences alleged herein. When ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.
- 22. AMTECH, A & C, MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS, DISTRIBUTOR
  DEFENDANTS, and RETAILER DEFENDANTS are hereinafter collectively referred to as
  "DEFENDANTS."

#### VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- 23. Venue is proper in the County of Alameda, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 393, 395, and 395.5, because this Court is a court of competent jurisdiction, because plaintiff seeks civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, because one or more instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continue to occur, in this county, and/or because DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in Alameda County with respect to the PRODUCTS.
- 24. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.
- 25. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on plaintiff's information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or association that is a citizen of the State of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California, and/or otherwise purposefully avails itself of the California market.

  DEFENDANTS' purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

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#### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

### (Violation of Proposition 65 - Against All Defendants)

- 26. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, Paragraphs 1 through 23, inclusive.
- 27. In enacting Proposition 65, in the preamble to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, the People of California expressly declared their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm."
- 28. Proposition 65 states, "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual . . . ." Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.
- 29. On July 11, 2014, plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation, together with the requisite certificate of merit, was provided to AMTECH, A & C, and certain public enforcement agencies stating that, as a result of DEFENDANTS' sales of the PRODUCTS containing the LISTED CHEMICALS, workers, consumers, and other individuals in the State of California were being exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS resulting from their reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS, without the individual purchasers and users first having received a "clear and reasonable warning" regarding such toxic exposures, as required by Proposition 65.
- 30. DEFENDANTS have engaged in the manufacture, importation, distribution, sale, and offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, and DEFENDANTS' violations have continued to occur beyond their receipt of plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation. As such, DEFENDANTS' violations are ongoing and continuous in nature, and will continue to occur in the future.
- 31. After receiving plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation, the appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65.

- 32. The PRODUCTS manufactured, imported, distributed, sold, and offered for sale or use in California by DEFENDANTS contain the LISTED CHEMICALS in such a way that the reasonably foreseeable uses of these products result in exposures that require a "clear and reasonable" warning under Proposition 65.
- 33. DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS they manufacture, import, distribute, sell, and offer for sale or use in California contain the LISTED CHEMICALS.
- 34. The LISTED CHEMICALS are present in or on the PRODUCTS in such a way as to expose individuals through dermal contact and/or ingestion during reasonably foreseeable use.
- 35. The normal and reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS have caused, and continue to cause, consumer exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS, as such exposures are defined by title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, section 25602(b).
- 36. DEFENDANTS have knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS expose individuals to the LISTED CHEMICALS through dermal contact and/or ingestion.
- 37. DEFENDANTS intend for such exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS from the reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS to occur by their deliberate, non-accidental participation in the manufacture, distribution, sale, and offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use to individuals in the State of California.
- 38. DEFENDANTS failed to provide a "clear and reasonable warning" to those workers, consumers and other individuals in California not covered by California's Occupational Safety Health Act, Labor Code section 6300 *et seq*. who have been, or will be, exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS.
- 39. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65 enacted directly by California voters, workers, consumers, and other individuals exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS through dermal contact and/or ingestion resulting from the reasonably

foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS sold by DEFENDANTS without a "clear and reasonable warning," have suffered, and continue to suffer, irreparable harm for which they have no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

- 40. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), as a consequence of the above-described acts, DEFENDANTS are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation.
- 41. As a consequence of the above-described acts, Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(a) also specifically authorizes the Court to grant injunctive relief against DEFENDANTS.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, plaintiff prays for judgment against DEFENDANTS as follows:

- 1. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), assess civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, and each of them, in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation;
- 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(a), preliminarily and permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from manufacturing, distributing, or offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California without first providing a "clear and reasonable warning" as defined by title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, section 25601 et seq., as to the harms associated with exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS;
  - 3. That the Court grant plaintiff his reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and
  - 4. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

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